



Integración del paciente en la investigación y ensayos clínicos

Julián Isla Gómez

Federación Europea de Síndrome de Dravet
Fundación 29



Microsoft Consulting Services. AI



Presidente y fundador



Director Científico



TAG. Therapeutic Advisory Group



Miembro del COMP



Comité científico asesor







EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY
SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH

I attend this conference as an individual expert, and do not represent the EMA. The views expressed here are my personal views, and may not be understood or quoted as being made on behalf of the EMA or reflecting the position of the COMP

CV

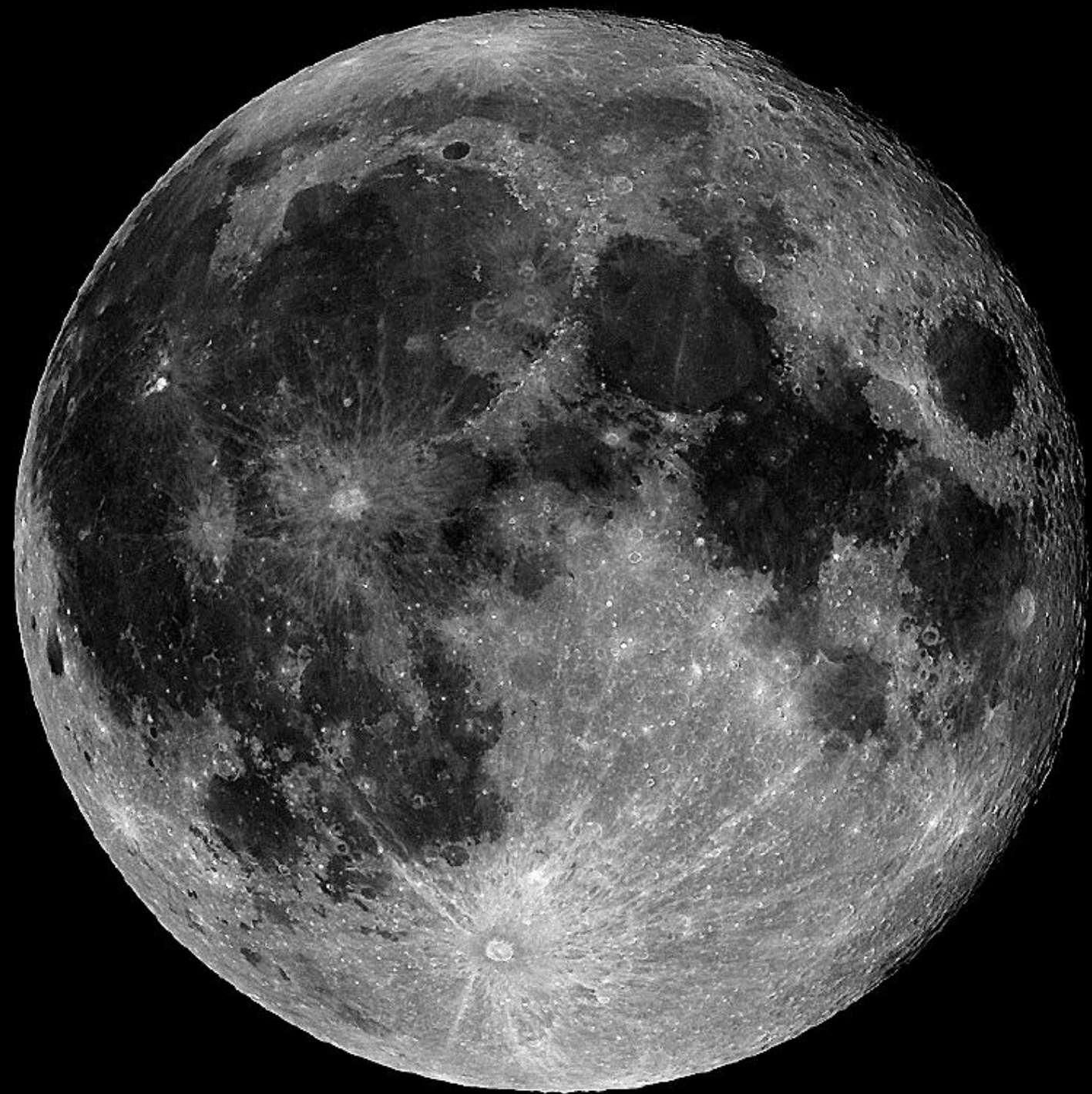
http://www.ema.europa.eu/docs/en_GB/document_library/contacts/islaj_CV.pdf

DOI

http://www.ema.europa.eu/docs/en_GB/document_library/contacts/islaj_DI.pdf

Annotations for #607208 DRAVET SYNDROME;;EPILEPTIC ENCEPHALOPATHY, EARLY INFANTILE, 6; EIEE6;;SEVERE MYOCLONIC EPILEPSY OF INFANCY; SMEI

HPO id.	Feature.
HP:0002121	Absence seizures
HP:0001251	Ataxia
HP:0002059	Cerebral atrophy
HP:0100704	Cortical visual impairment
HP:0200134	Epileptic encephalopathy
HP:0002384	Focal seizures with impairment of consciousness or aware...
HP:0002123	Generalized myoclonic seizures
HP:0001263	Global developmental delay
HP:0006813	Hemiclonic seizures
HP:0001268	Mental deterioration
HP:0001270	Motor delay
HP:0005484	Postnatal microcephaly
HP:0002133	Status epilepticus



¿Pacientes?



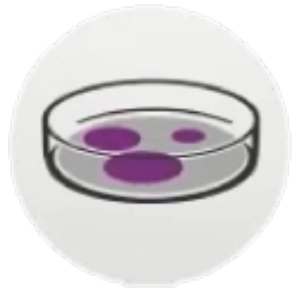
Somos impacientes



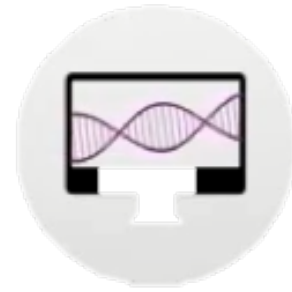
Investigación



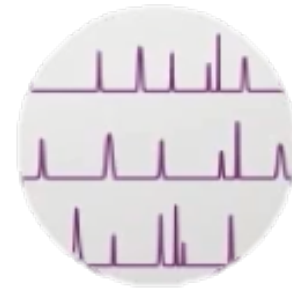
Tecnología



Modelos



Diagnóstico



Fenotipado
Genotipado



Registro



Medicamentos huérfanos

2008

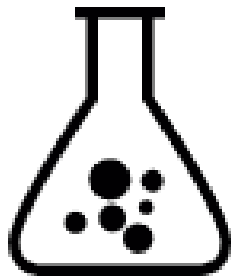
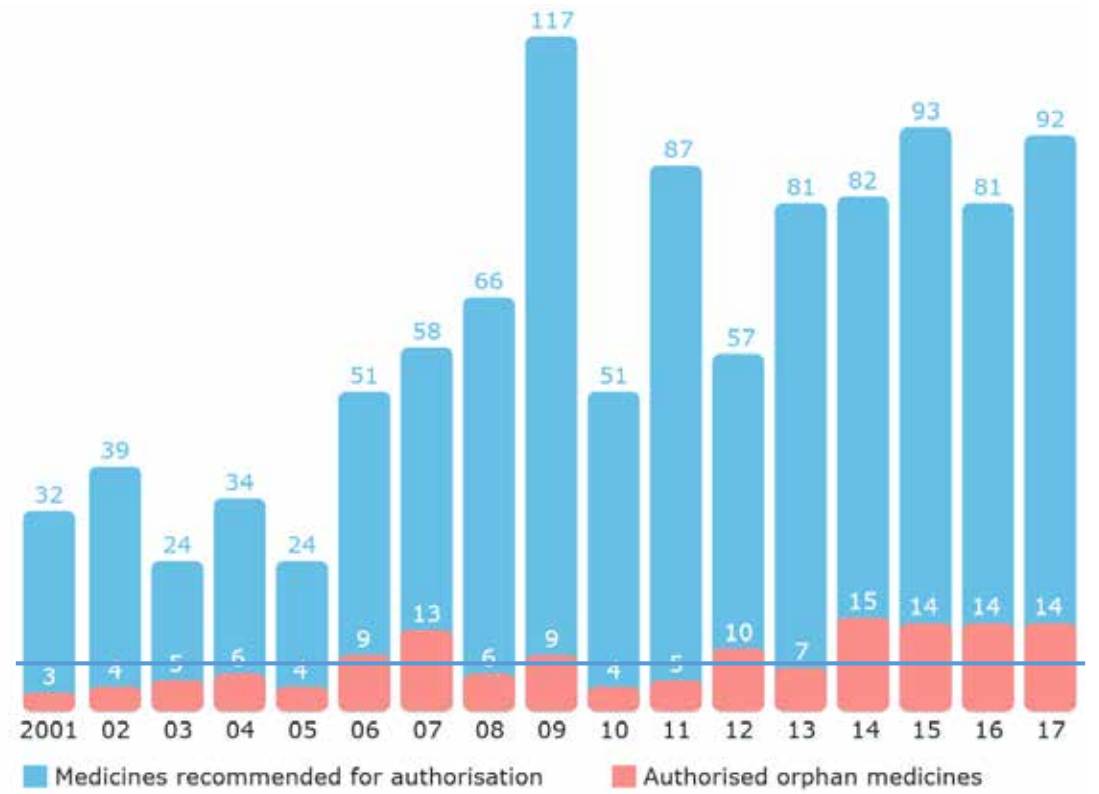
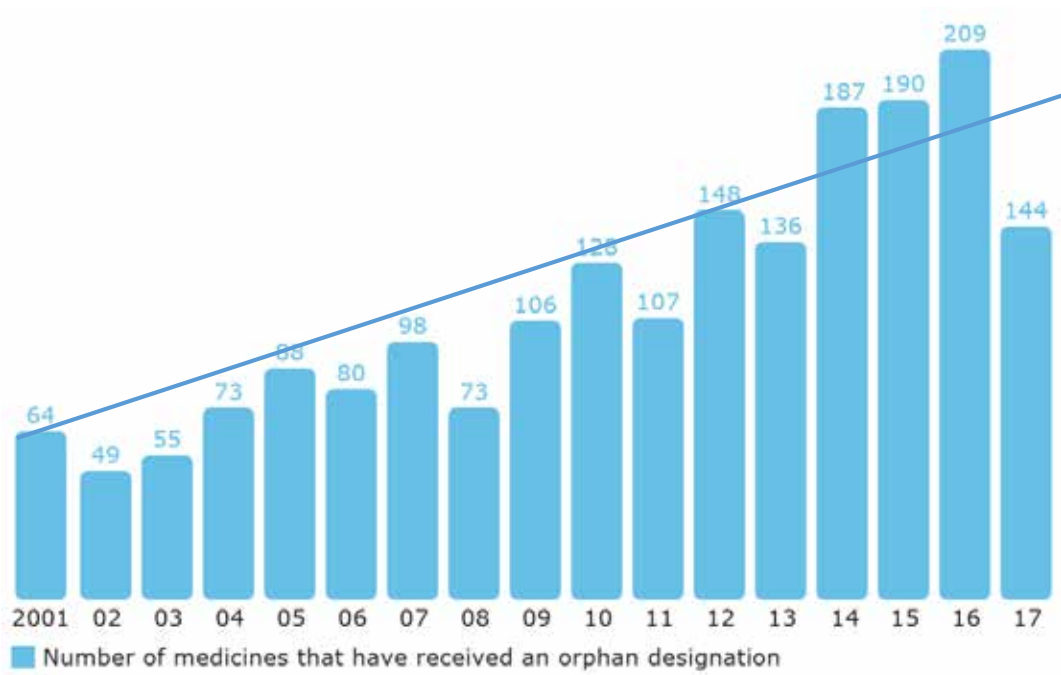
2018

VPA+CLB+STP

VPA+CLB+STP

CBD / FEN





over 168 orphan medicines
authorised in the EU

How orphan medicines reach patients

Once an orphan medicine is authorised by the European Commission, it can be marketed in all EU Member States. However, availability and reimbursement are subject to review by the relevant national authorities.

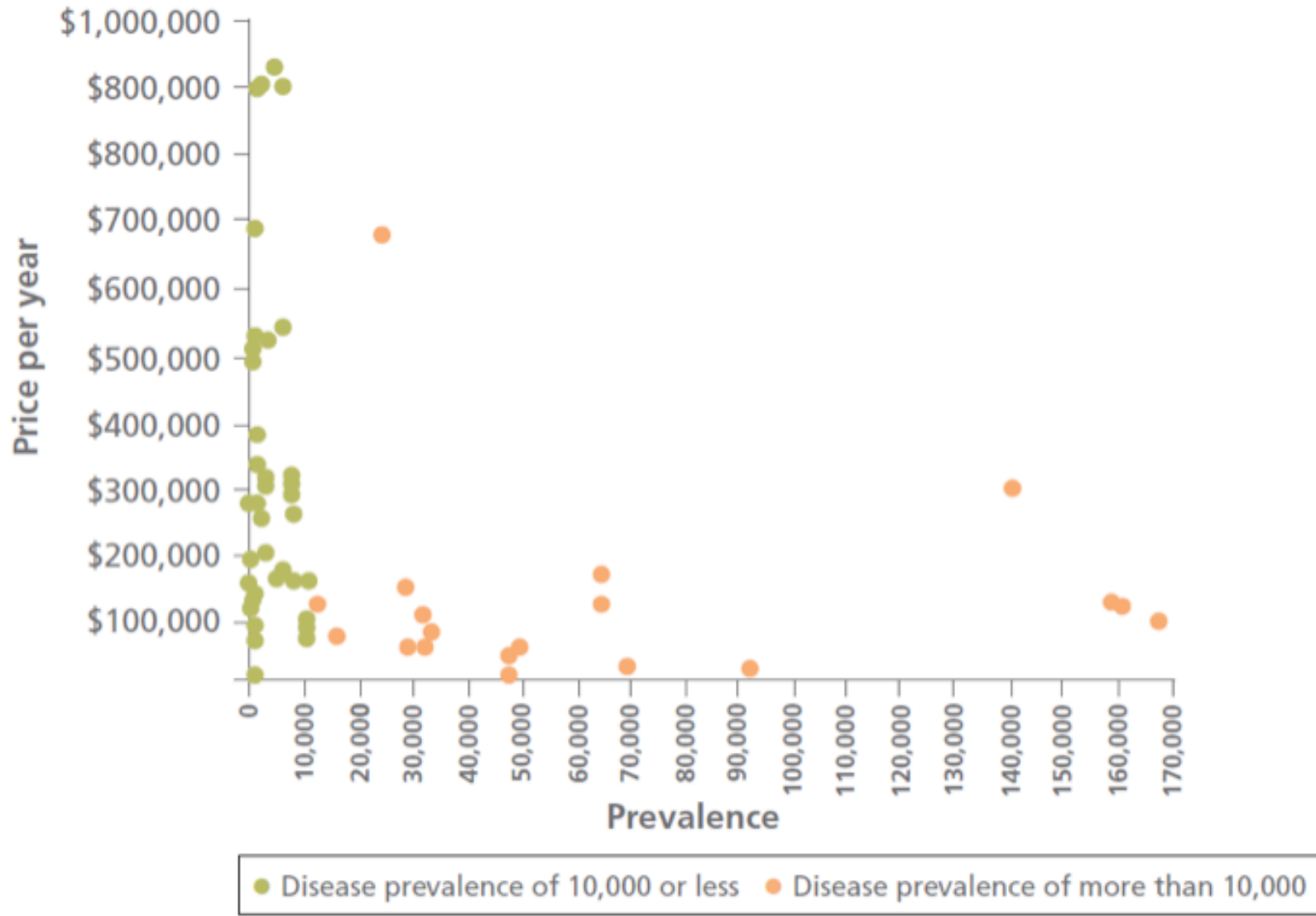


\$
6.000.000.000.000.000

\$



Orphan drug pricing versus disease prevalence



Source: LifeSci Capital, LLC research report. Orphan Drug Pricing. Feb. 4, 2016.

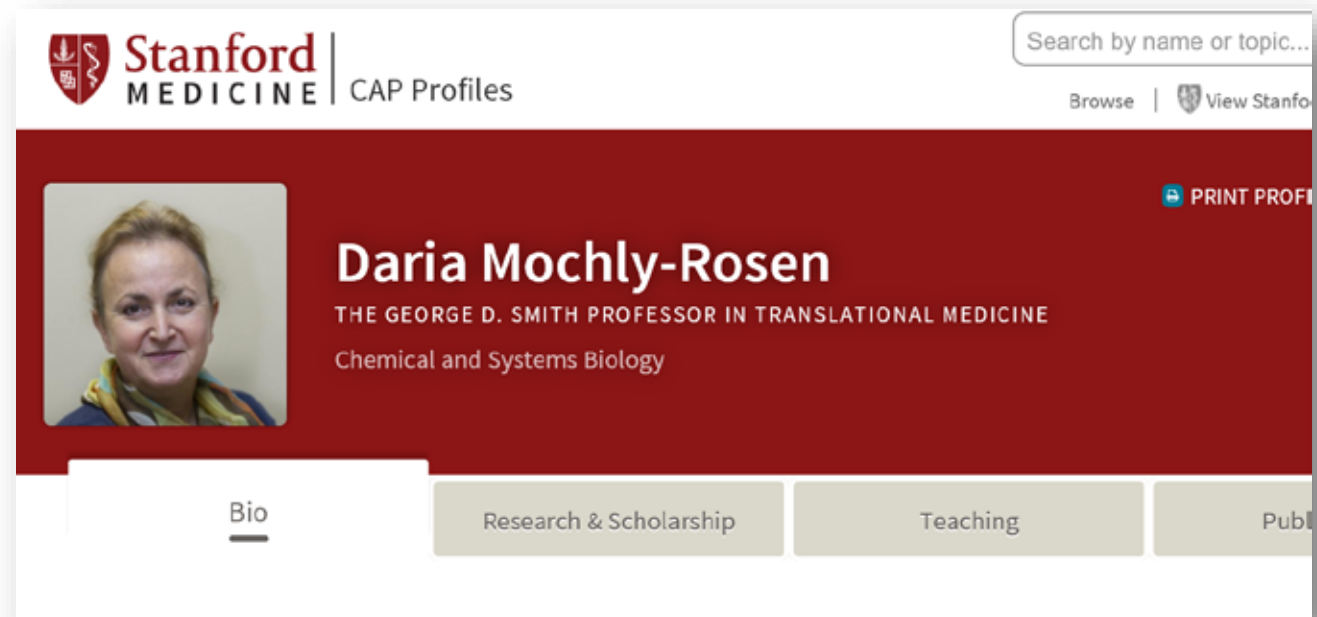
Top-selling "orphan" drugs

Rank	Brand	Orphan Utilization	Non-Orphan Utilization
1	Remicade	53%	47%
3	Rituxan	58%	42%
4	Avastin	31%	69%
7	Herceptin	3%	97%
8	Alimta	4%	96%
9	Gammagard	0%	100%
10	Gamunex	42%	58%
14	Xgeva	0%	100%
15	Velcade	92%	8%
17	Erbitux	36%	64%
18	Procrit	0%	100%
19	Soliris	76%	24%
20	Zometa	1%	99%
23	Orencia	0%	100%
24	Sandostatin	70%	30%
25	Abraxane	15%	85%

Source: MagellanRx Management, "Medical Pharmacy Trend Report 2013"

“When we're making drugs, we have to be better than nature”

“Drug development takes time and money because it's difficult and failure is a strong possibility”



The screenshot shows a professional profile page for Daria Mochly-Rosen on the Stanford Medicine CAP Profiles website. The header includes the Stanford Medicine logo and a search bar. The main content area features a red background with a portrait of Daria Mochly-Rosen, her name in large white text, and her title as The George D. Smith Professor in Translational Medicine in the Department of Chemical and Systems Biology. A 'PRINT PROFILE' button is visible in the top right corner. Below the main content, there are navigation tabs for 'Bio', 'Research & Scholarship', 'Teaching', and 'Publications', with 'Bio' currently selected.

Stanford MEDICINE | CAP Profiles

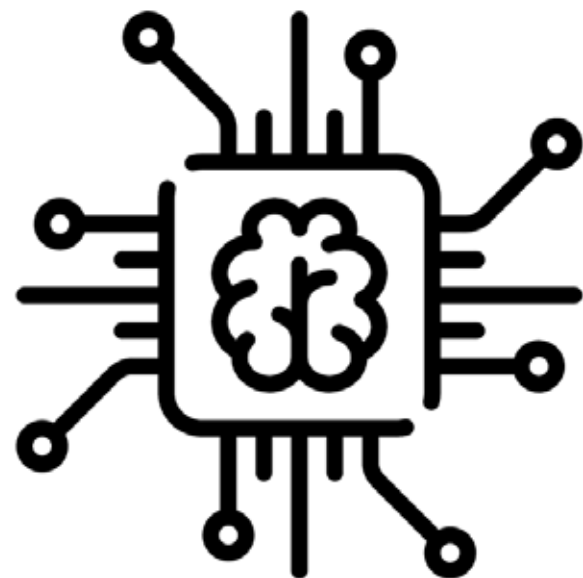
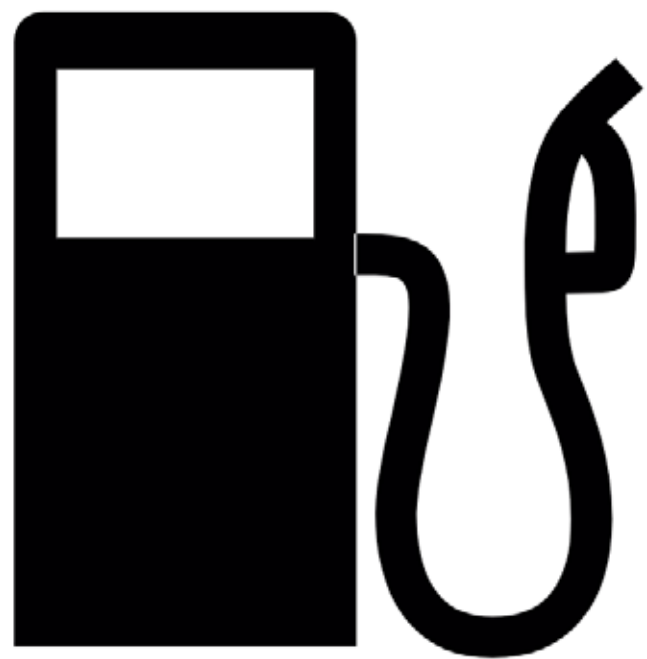
Search by name or topic...

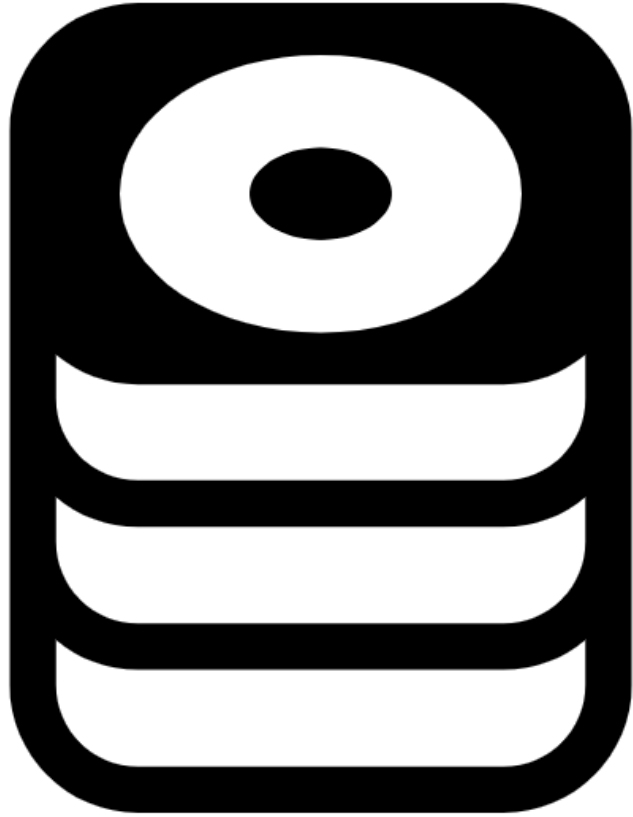
Browse | View Stanford

PRINT PROFILE

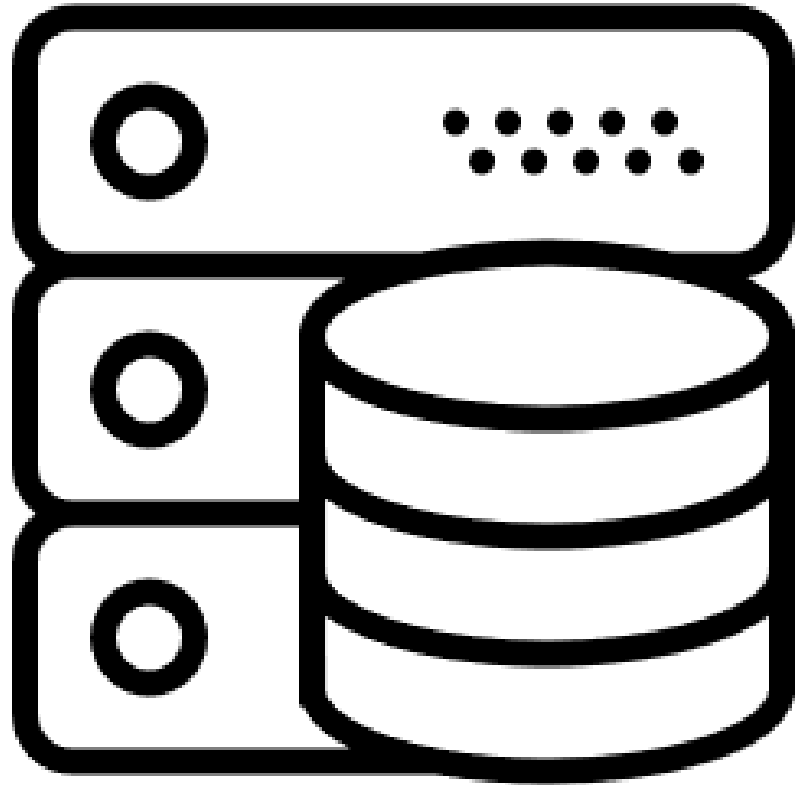
Daria Mochly-Rosen
THE GEORGE D. SMITH PROFESSOR IN TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE
Chemical and Systems Biology

Bio | Research & Scholarship | Teaching | Publications





Los datos



El papel de los
pacientes



Jubilee line
eastbound
platform 2

Canary Wharf
North Greenwich
Canary Wharf
West Ham
Stratford

CANARY WHARF





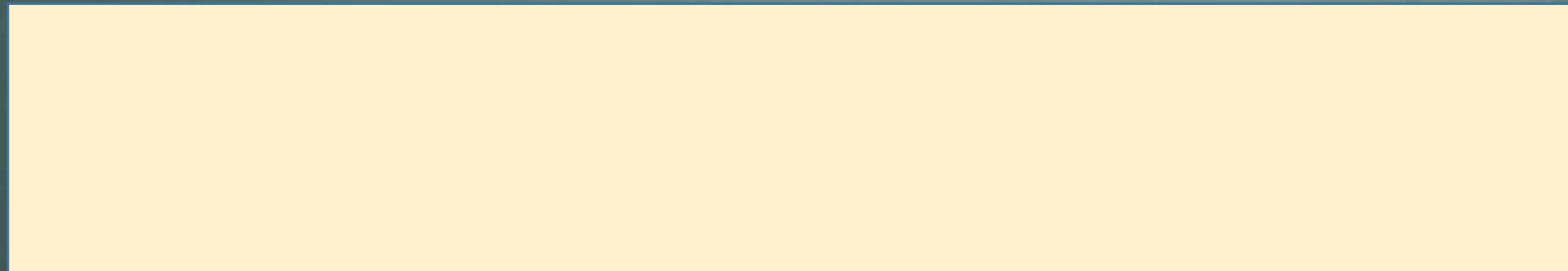
EMA

CLIF



010962 029731

Orphan Application for the Treatment of Dravet Syndrome





Scientific advice and protocol assistance



The screenshot displays the European Medicines Agency (EMA) website. At the top left is the EMA logo with the text "EUROPEAN MEDICINES AGENCY" and "SCIENCE MEDICINES HEALTH". To the right is the European Union flag. Below the logo is a search bar with the text "Site-wide search" and a "GO" button. There are also social media icons for Twitter, RSS, and YouTube, and a "Search document library" button. The main navigation menu includes "Home", "Find medicine", "Human regulatory" (highlighted), "Veterinary regulatory", "Committees", "News & events", "Partners & networks", and "About us".

The left sidebar contains a list of committees: CHMP, PRAC, CVMP, COMP, HMPC, CAT, and PDCO. Below this is a section for "Working parties and other groups" with a sub-section for "CHMP".

The main content area is titled "Scientific Advice Working Party" and includes a breadcrumb trail: "Home > Committees > Working parties and other groups > CHMP > Scientific Advice Working Party". There are icons for "Email", "Print", "Help", and "Share".

The text on the page states: "The Scientific Advice Working Party (SAWP) is a standing working party with the sole remit of providing scientific advice and protocol assistance. It was established by the Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP)."

It further explains: "The SAWP is a multidisciplinary group, which comprises a chairperson, 28 members including three members of the Committee for Orphan Medicinal Products (COMP), one member of the Paediatric Committee (PDCO) and one member of the Committee for Advanced Therapies (CAT)."

It concludes: "In the nomination process of the working party's members, a fair representation of the following areas of expertise is ensured:"

- > non-clinical safety;
- > pharmacokinetics;

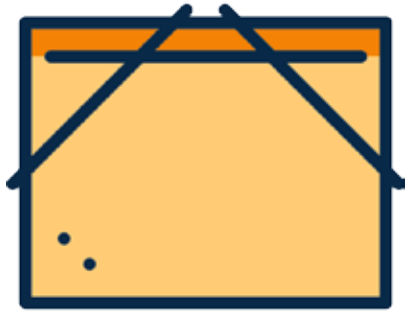
There is a "Related information" section with a link to "Scientific advice and protocol assistance".

Consejo para ensayo clínico

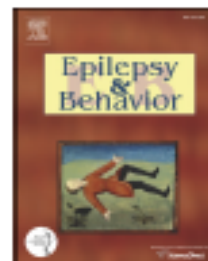
Criteria for inclusion and exclusion







Data from 274 patients in just one week



The European patient with Dravet syndrome: Results from a parent-reported survey on antiepileptic drug use in the European population with Dravet syndrome



Luis Miguel Aras, Julián Isla, Ana Mingorance-Le Meur*

Dravet Syndrome Foundation Spain, Madrid, Spain

ARTICLE INFO

Article history:

Received 16 October 2014

Revised 26 November 2014

Accepted 4 December 2014

Available online xxx

Keywords:

Dravet syndrome

Childhood epilepsy

Antiepileptic drug

Orphan drug

Stiripentol

Clinical trials

ABSTRACT

Dravet syndrome is a rare form of epilepsy largely refractory to current antiepileptic medications. The only precedents of randomized placebo-controlled trials in Dravet syndrome are the two small trials that led to the approval of stiripentol. With the arrival of new clinical trials for Dravet syndrome, we sought to determine the characteristics of the patient population with Dravet syndrome in Europe today, which has possibly evolved subsequent to the approval of stiripentol and the ability to diagnose milder clinical cases via genetic testing. From May to June 2014, we conducted an online parent-reported survey to collect information about the demographics, disease-specific clinical characteristics, as well as current and past use of antiepileptic medications by European patients with Dravet syndrome. We present data from 274 patients with Dravet syndrome from 15 European countries. Most patients were between 4 and 8 years of age, and 90% had known mutations in *SCN1A*. Their epilepsy was characterized by multiple seizure types, although only 45% had more than 4 tonic-clonic seizures per month on average. The most common drug combination was valproate, clobazam, and stiripentol, with 42% of the total population currently taking stiripentol. Over a third of patients with Dravet syn-

Las consecuencias en el diseño

INFORMACIÓN SOBRE
EL SÍNDROME DE DRAVET

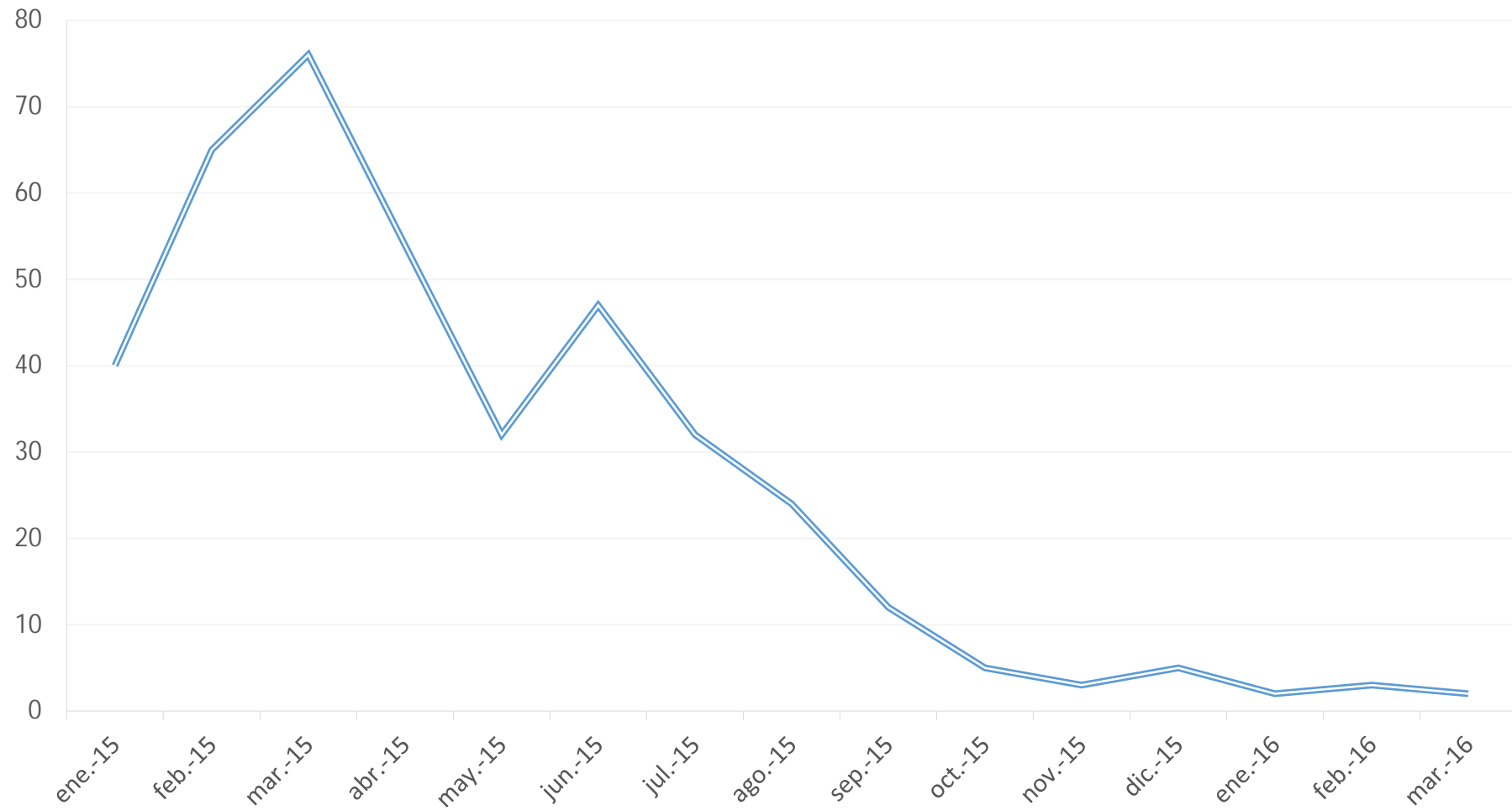
INFORMACIÓN SOBRE
LA INVESTIGACIÓN CLÍNICA

INFORMACIÓN SOBRE FAIRE

¿PUEDO PARTICIPAR?

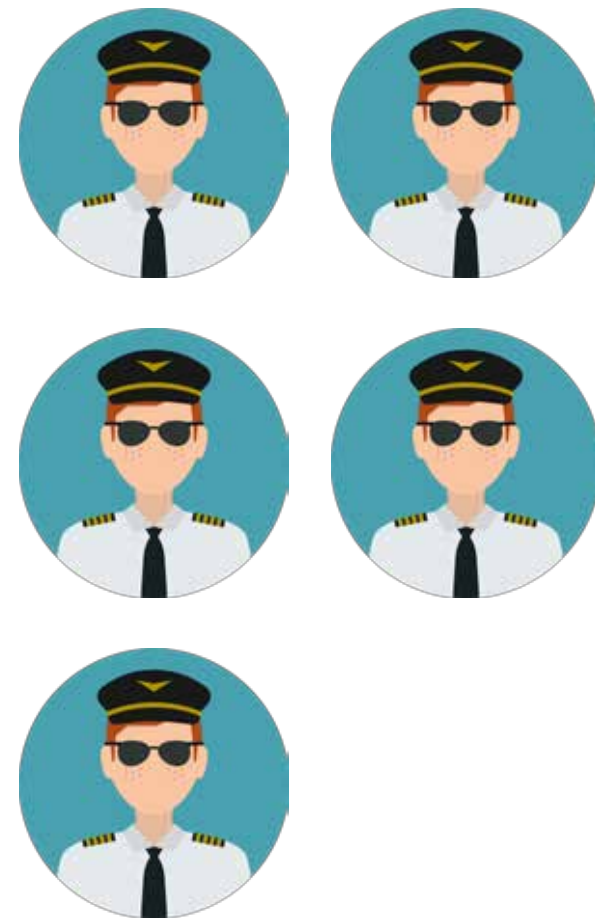
Estudios 1501 y 1502	Estudio 1504
<p>Los participantes recibirán de manera aleatoria (al azar):</p> <p>ZX008 durante un máximo de 16 semanas</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Un placebo (un medicamento "simulado") durante un máximo de 16 semanas</p> <p>Los participantes tendrán el doble de</p>	<p>Los participantes recibirán de manera aleatoria (al azar):</p> <p>ZX008 más otro medicamento del estudio durante un máximo de 19 semanas</p> <p><input type="radio"/> Un placebo más otro medicamento del estudio durante un máximo de 19 semanas</p>

SEIZURES



Crear sistemas que nos
ayuden a tomar
decisiones

La cabina de un Lockheed Constellation



La cabina de un Airbus 350









LO QUE SABEMOS ES UNA GOTTA DE AGUA; LO QUE IGNORAMOS ES EL OCÉANO.

LOS HOMBRES CONSTRUIMOS DEMASIADOS MUROS Y NO SUFICIENTES PUENTES.

SI HE HECHO DESCUBRIMIENTOS INVALUABLES HA SIDO MÁS POR TENER PACIENCIA QUE CUALQUIER OTRO TALENTO.

SI CONSIGO VER MÁS LEJOS ES PORQUE HE CONSEGUIDO AUPARME A HOMBROS DE GIGANTES.

ISAAC NEWTON

Gracias

julian.isla@foundation29.org

 [@julianig](https://twitter.com/julianig)



foundation
twenty-
nine